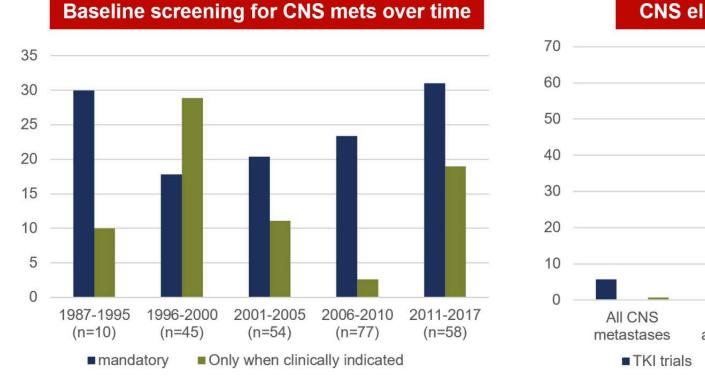
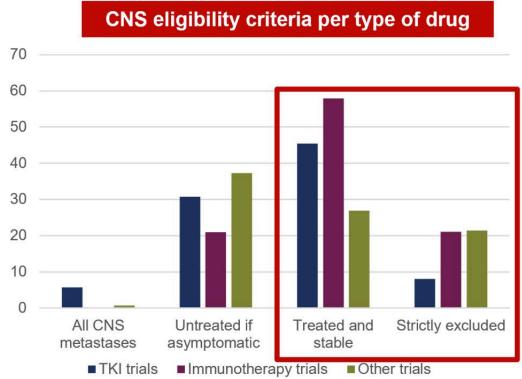
Case 6: Stage IV NSCLC With Brain Metastases

- A 57-year-old woman is incidentally found to have a 4 cm lung mass and multiple lung nodules on CT chest/abdomen/pelvis
- An MRI of brain identifies 3 brain metastases and the patient is asymptomatic from these
- The patient's tumor has a PD-L1 score of 60%
- Her ECOG PS is 1
- Molecular testing results reveal no actionable genomic alteration
- What is the optimal next step?

Unmet Need: Brain Metastases Gaps in Knowledge

Systematic review on NSCLC BM in phase II/III TKI or phase III ICI trials (2000-2020)





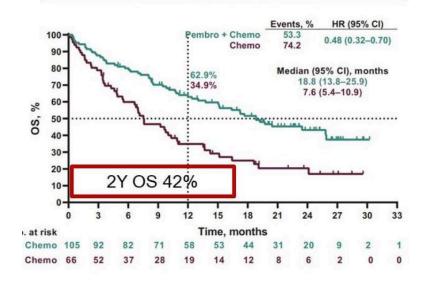
Only 4% prespecified CNS related endpoint

Brain Metastases Chemo-ICI (+/-ICI) Data in 1L NSCLC

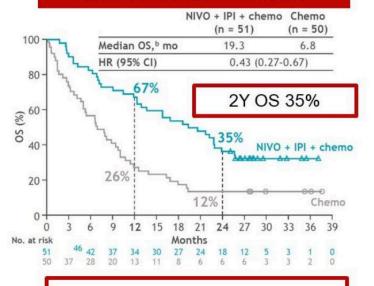
TREATED & UNTREATED BM

TREATED BM

KEYNOTE 021-189-407 pooled Chemo-ICI vs chemo

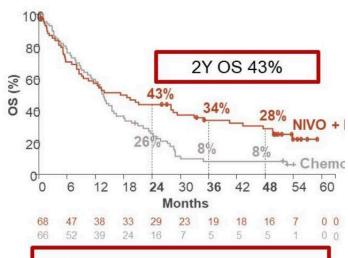


CheckMate 9LA Chemo-ICI-ICI vs chemo



IcPFS 13.5 vs 4.6 months (HR 0.36)
New BM 16% vs 30%
Time to new BM 9.0 vs 4.6 months

CheckMate 227 ICI-ICI vs chemo

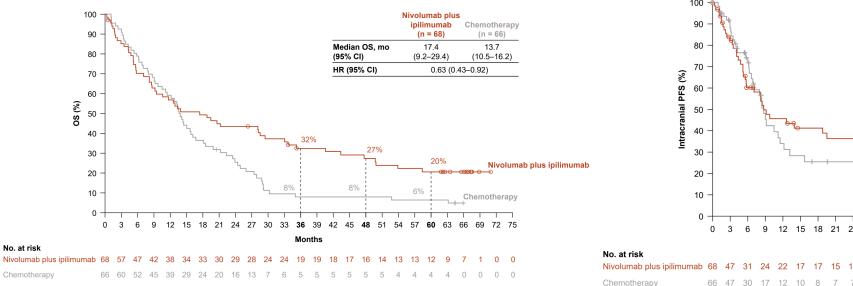


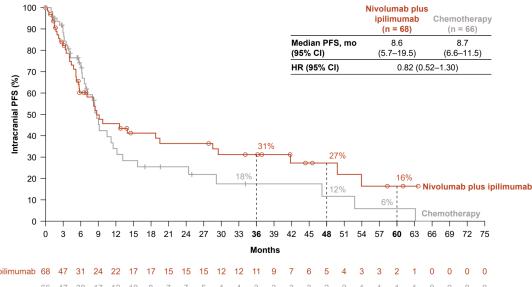
icPFS 8.6 vs 8.7 months (HR 0.80)

New BM 4% vs 20%

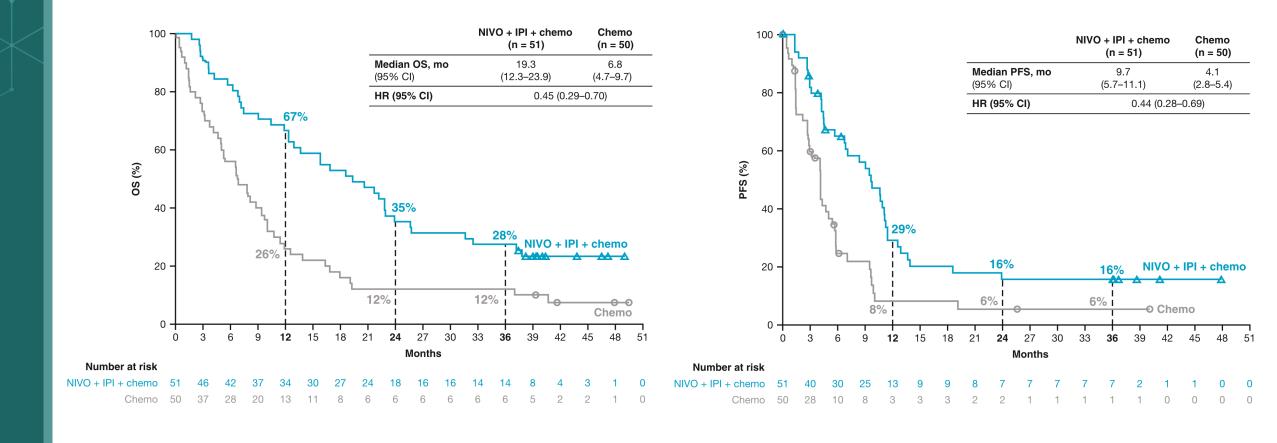
Time to new BM 4.0 vs 7.1 months

CheckMate 227 Part 1: 5-Year OS and icPFS in Patients With Baseline Brain Metastases





CheckMate 9LA: 3-Year OS and PFS in Patients With Baseline Brain Metastases

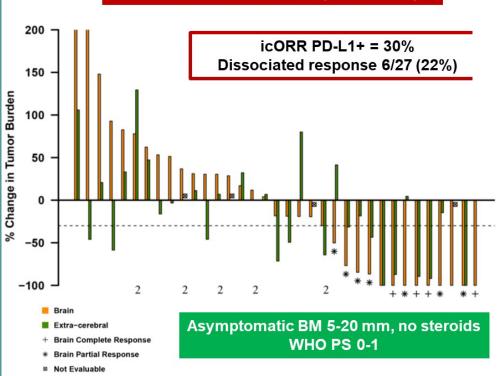


Immunotherapy Trial Data for Untreated

Brain Mets

Atezo-chemo N=40, 55% baseline steroids

Monotx pembro N = 42 (37 PD-L1+)



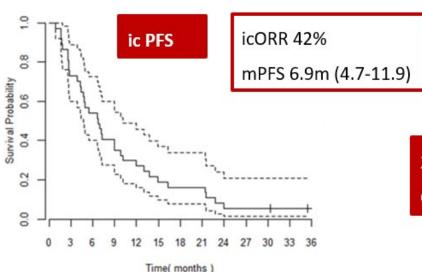
Key Elegibility Criteria:

Stage IV non-squamous NSCLC
Untreated brain metastases
Treatment naïve
EGFR/ALK negative, any PD-L1
ECOG PS 0-1
Anticonvulsivants and dexamethasone
≤ 4 mg qd allowed
Measurable systemic and brain lesion/s

Carboplatin (5 AUCs) + Pemetrexed 500mg/m² + Atezolizumab 1200mg Q3W for 4-6 cycles Pemetrexed 500mg/m2 +
Atezolizumab 1200mg Q3W
until tumor progression (*),
unacceptable toxicity or 2 years

Tumor evaluation by body CT scan and brain MRI Q6W until the 12th week and thereafter Q9W until PD

(*) If exclusive CNS PD, patients could continue on study after brain RT



2y OS rate 28%

OS ↑ if PD-L1+/no steroids

Ongoing Phase II/III trials for NSCLC and Untreated Asymptomatic BM

Selected trials evaluating systemic treatment strategies

Approach	Region	Study	Enrollment ^b	Treatment(s)	Primary EP	(Other) CNS EPs
ICI	USA	NCT05840770	34	Cemiplimab (NSCLC PD-L1 ≥50%)	iCBR (RANO-BM)	CNS-TTP (RANO-BM), TT-WBRT/SRS, TT-Brain met mortality
ICI + chemo	USA	NCT05746481	35	Atezolizumab + tiragolumab + carboplatin + pemetrexed	Rate of CNS salvage RT	i ORR (RANO-BM)
	Spain	NCT05012254 (NIVIPI-Brain) cohort A	71 ^b	Nivolumab + ipilimumab + platinum-based chemo → nivolumab + ipilimumab	iCBR (RANO-BM)	iORR, iPFS (RANO-BM)
	USA	NCT04964960	45	Pembrolizumab + chemo	iCBR	Cognitive functioning (FACT-Cog)
ICI + VEGFi	USA	NCT02681549	53	Pembrolizumab + bevacizumab	iORR (mRECIST)	iPFS (mRECIST), Steroid use for cerebral edema
	China	NCT05807893 (SUPER BRAIN)	30	Serplulimab + beva + chemo → serplulimab + beva + pemetrexed	iPFS	iORR

We Need Trials to Evaluate the Best Treatment Strategy

Selected ongoing phase II/III trials for NSCLC & untreated BM combining systemic therapy & local therapy

Approach	Region	Study	Enrollmentb	Treatment(s)	Primary EP	(Other) CNS EPs
ICI + RT	Canada	NCT02978404 NSCLC cohort	26	Nivolumab + SRS	iPFS (RECIST 1.1)	iCBR, (RECIST 1.1), Neurocognitive function (HVLT-R, TMT, COWA)
	Europe	NCT05522660 (USZ-STRIKE) cohort 2B	190	Anti-PD-(L)1 ± chemo vs Anti-PD-(L)1 ± chemo + SRS	CNS-PFS (iRANO)	_
	Global	NCT02831959	270	Anti-PD-(L)1 + SRS vs Anti-PD-(L)1 + SRS \rightarrow TTFields	iTTP	iORR, TT-Neurocognitive failure (HVLT-R, TMT, COWA)
ICI + FUS	USA & Canada	NCT05317858	20	Pembrolizumab vs Pembrolizumab + Exablate FUS	ORR, AEs	CNS-ORR, CNS-TTR (RANO-BM)

With targeted therapies, you could envisage scenarios where combination small molecule plus immunotherapy...could be very effective in the brain.